

Do you belong to the old school of business men who think that advertising is only another name for extravagance?—J. J. Junk.

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The easiest reading advertisement is generally the hardest to write—for it requires long training and experience to select the salient points and present them in clear and simple thought.—Mahan's Messenger.

GRAND ROSS TO GIVE IN-DETERMINATE PERIOD OF NEBRASKAN THE GUEST OF THE DEMOCRATIC STATE COMMITTEE OF MASSACHUSETTS.

Stores at Goldfield Closed at Noon Yesterday for an Indefinite Period.

SHUT-DOWN IS COMPLETE 60 FAR THERE HAS BEEN NO VIOLENCE.

(Special to The Herald.)

Goldfield, Nev., March 15.—Up to noon today the streets of this mining camp presented an appearance so strange and unusual that notwithstanding the serious sense of humor got the better of the crowd, and between the hours of 9 and 10 the business district presented a remarkable scene. The resolutions passed by the leading citizens at the Montezuma last night, to the effect that no merchant or mine owner would employ a member of the I. W. W., with the result that the stores which were closed for an indefinite period after noon today, caused a stampede to the markets and the stores which followed were reminders of the San Francisco bread lines, only there was a broad grin on every face in line.

The Doors Were Shut.

The merchants stuck to their word. The doors were shut and back of the appointed hour and after that a fellow could not buy a young onion with a roll and bull.

Practically all business, with the exception of grub-staking was suspended for three hours. Many of the men and women besieged the markets, staples ran out by 11 o'clock and the prices went up on luxuries to an alarming extent. It was early business and no deliveries. After getting waiting on it was up to the purchaser to carry home everything purchased.

Like Bargain Day Sale.

Time and again the stores would close for temporary relief and after satisfying the crowds inside, would open for the next rush. Every kind of conveyance was employed to carry away the goods, wheelbarrows, express wagons and even hacks coming to the rescue. Every man and woman on the streets had his or her package and it was common to see men in all walks of life hurrying to cover with sacks of flour on their shoulders and hams, pork and other edibles bulging through their arms. Nobody stopped to weigh anything. When fresh meat was purchased it was cut off in a chunk, the price was stated and paid without question and the buyer departed with the precious burden.

Everybody Stocked Up.

Everybody was in frantic haste, but nearly all got enough at last for a short time and few will suffer. In all the stores there was a spill of good fellows, with no class distinction, and when as person had enough he would turn and help his neighbor. If there is any trouble in the future it will be by those who depend upon the restaurants, which, closed at noon. The famous saloons of the first time in its history and a sad, hollow-eyed mob stands peering through the windows at the vacant rooms. The saloons are crowded with idlers and the streets with little groups of men discussing the situation. In reference to that, no changes have occurred today.

Senator Nixon's Arrival.

There will be no violence unless the mines are opened and the mine owners attempt to afford protection to those who are not members of the I. W. W. This they are not doing today. United States Senator Nixon arrived in the city this afternoon and takes a very calm and sane view of the situation. In an interview for The Herald he stated that he wished it thoroughly understood outside of the camp that the present trouble and the lack of food, scale of hours, or union principles, but simply a fight on the part of the I. W. W. to compel members of the American Federation of Labor and men affiliated with other unions to join the I. W. W. The mine owners will not ask their men to join this union if the men do not care to.

Mine Owners Confer.

In other words, the men may join whatever union they please if in doing so the work of the camp is not interrupted. Senator Nixon has been in conference with the principal mine owners today and was informed that the proprietaries have never looked better and that with the present trouble settled the mines would produce a large amount of ore during the present year, that that produced in 1906. He feels satisfied that the trouble will be practically over in a few days, when all the mines will be working again. He intends to stay in Goldfield as long as there appears to be any reason for his doing so, which, in his opinion, will be about a week.

The preliminary hearing of Preston and Smith, who are charged with being implicated in the murder of Silva, has been indefinitely postponed.

SURPRISE IN BOISE OVER THE CHARGES

(Special to The Herald.)

Boise, Ida., March 15.—Much surprise is felt over the news received from Washington that Colonel A. R. Greene of the interior department has made a report reflecting on D. U. Ross, supervising engineer of the reclamation service. It has been known for two months that some contractors who have lost money have been trying to make trouble. Colonel Greene came here in January and has been about with these contractors a great deal. During his stay here he did not see Ross or any others of the reclamation engineers except D. U. Ross, to whom he talked for a short time. What has surprised him to him to constitute grounds for the charges against the reclamation service, as soon as an impartial investigation shall be made. Mr. Greene of the fullest possible investigation and the same is true of D. R. Hubbard of the firm of Hubbard and Carlson, who are building on the bank of the Deer Lake reservoirs.

GUARDS KEEP CLOSE WATCH UPON ABE RUEF

San Francisco, March 15.—The four guards detailed to assist Elisor Biggy in guarding Abraham Ruef have been given quarters in the room adjoining that which the prisoner occupies. Here, before the management of the hotel has found it impossible to concentrate Biggy's forces. This morning the room was vacated and Biggy's men at once took it. This will permit all four to be within calling distance. Two are on watch all the time, besides the other, who sleeps in the same room with his charge.

SPEECH AT A RECEPTION POSITION OF DEMOCRACY IN COMING FIGHT.

Boston, March 15.—The Democratic state committee today gave a dinner in honor of W. J. Bryan. Among the guests were George Fred Williams of Boston, who in a speech referred to Mr. Bryan as the "acknowledged leader of the national Democratic party."

Speaking directly to Mr. Bryan he said: "I have no right, sir, to place you in the position of candidate for office until you have authorized it, but I take no undue advantage of my position, and believe I represent the sentiment of the Massachusetts Democracy when I say that the success of our party rests upon your shoulders, whether you will have it or not."

"If President Roosevelt abides by his refusal to become a candidate, no Republican, unless he be more radical than the president, can prevent the election of William J. Bryan to the presidency."

The dinner followed a reception at which about 300 Democrats were gathered to Mr. Bryan. Among them was former United States Senator R. F. Pettigrew of South Dakota.

Address of Mr. Bryan.

An address by Mr. Bryan followed. Taking up the story that he wrote the Democratic platform in 1896, Mr. Bryan declared he wrote but little of it and deserved little of the credit, but he had more to do with the platform of 1896.

"I think," said Mr. Bryan, "that if we had had a vote unpurchased and unlimited in 1896, I would have been elected by an overwhelming majority."

"I shall not discuss the amount of fraud perpetrated in 1896, but we had against us the largest corruption fund that was ever used in a campaign."

None, he said, rejoiced more than he in the indication that has come to Democratic ideas, for dearer to him than any office was the triumph of the things for which they had been fighting.

Comments Roosevelt.

"And I rejoice," added Mr. Bryan, "that I never lose any opportunity to thank the president for what he has done. The president was one of my opponents. No one ever used harsher language than he did toward our cause. Yet I want no man to anticipate me in heavily commending anything he does that I believe is right."

"The Republican party has been in power for ten years, with undisputed rule. We find the Republican party not so popular today. The party has gone on the toboggan slide so that it has just one man whom it regards as popular enough to be the candidate for president. Why is it that the president is so unpopular?"

"The answer is simple. There is only one explanation and that is his popularity is due to the following of Democratic doctrines."

Mr. Bryan charged that the slump in stocks, of which the men in high finance complained, was caused by the very men who are now complaining.

Future of Democracy.

"If I may venture a prediction," he added, "I will say that the light that is coming the Democratic party will be looked upon as the protector of the small investor against the manipulation of the sharks that have power in Wall street."

VIOLATED ANTI-TRUST ACT Complaint to Be Filed Against Illinois and Indiana Coal-Carrying Roads.

Washington, March 15.—An important conference which is likely to have far-reaching results was held late this afternoon at the department of justice. The interstate commerce commission and representatives of the coal operators and coal miners' organizations in southern Indiana and southern Illinois.

In addition to a complaint which, as a result of the conference, is to be filed formally with the commission, it is probable that the attorney general will be urged to institute prosecutions against officials of the coal-carrying railroads of Indiana and Illinois for alleged violation of the Sherman anti-trust act.

Freight Rates Advanced.

It has been announced by the coal-carrying railroads operating between southern Indiana and southern Illinois and Chicago and the northwest that an advance of about 10 cents per ton will be made in the freight rates on coal. The advance, it is asserted, will affect seriously both the operators and the miners. The mine operators and miners' officials desire to confer with the commission respecting the character of the complaint to be brought before the commission before the railroads can be allowed to advance the rates.

Commissioners Prouty, Harlan and Lane, however, discussed the situation with the delegates of the coal operators as the matter involved interstate commerce the commission had ample authority to refuse to permit the advance. This complaint will be filed soon.

The delegation will confer with Attorney General Bonaparte regarding starting an action against certain Indiana and Illinois railroads for a violation of the anti-trust law.

Mr. Mitchell and his associates also called at the White House and explained the situation in detail to the president.

SHOCK PROVED FATAL.

Death of Miss May Buckingham in Omaha General Hospital.

(Special to The Herald.)

Omaha, Neb., March 15.—Miss May Buckingham, aged 16 years, died at the Omaha general hospital at 6 o'clock this morning, following a sudden attack of typhoid fever. She is a daughter of Everett Buckingham, general superintendent of the Oregon Short Line railroad, who, with his wife, accompanied the sister of Miss Buckingham, left Salt Lake when word was received of the serious condition of Miss May. Telegrams intercepted them on the way, notifying them of her death. The funeral will occur here Sunday.

MURDERED IN BED.

El Paso, Tex., March 15.—As he lay in a helpless paralytic, Augustin Castillo, one of the wealthiest men in the state of Vera Cruz, Mexico, was stabbed to death at his home at Jalapa by an unknown assassin.



MORE MONEY FOR TEN MILLIONS THE EFFICIENT POST OFFICE CLERKS AND CARRIERS WILL NOT BE BENEFITED BY THE NEW LAW.

(Special to The Herald.)

Washington, March 15.—First Assistant Postmaster General Hitchcock is preparing a circular letter of instruction to first and second class postmasters relative to increased pay for clerks and carriers provided by recent congressional legislation. Additional pay of \$500 per year will after July 1 be available for each of 19,900 postoffice clerks and 24,227 letter-carriers. Of clerks, 238 will be added to the force, 240 to \$500; 837 from \$500 to \$550; 2,834 from \$550 to \$600; 4,026 from \$600 to \$650; 4,965 from \$650 to \$700; 3,473 from \$700 to \$750; 1,810 will be promoted from \$750 to \$800; 8,835 from \$800 to \$850; 1,675 from \$850 to \$900, and 12,329 from \$1,000 to \$1,100.

Estimated damage to industrial plants, \$2,500,000. Total, \$3,257,000.

Various other estimates are being made, ranging from ten to twenty millions of dollars. Reports from numerous western Pennsylvania points tonight are to the effect that the flood has subsided. Thirty large blast furnaces in this area are out of commission. It is said here that the suspension will cause a scarcity of iron.

The power from the plants of the Allegheny Light company was turned into a trolley wires tonight in an effort to maintain street car service. As a result Pittsburgh is in darkness.

Some Will Get Left.

The impression that all clerks and carriers will be promoted is not correct. Only clerks who shall have had one year's experience in their present grade and who shall be recommended by the postmaster of their respective offices for efficient and meritorious service will be promoted.

The new law, however, will benefit the postoffice department may reduce clerks or carriers from a higher to a lower grade whenever his efficiency falls below a fair standard or whenever necessary for the purposes of discipline.

As reports are received from postmasters the number of clerks and carriers in various offices to be promoted will be determined.

WATERS RECEDING AT SOME POINTS AND RISING AT OTHERS. Contentions of Defendant's Attorneys Brushed Aside by Judge Landis.

Cleveland, March 15.—Flood conditions in the up-state section of Ohio were improved today by falling rivers and their tributaries. The Muskingum river, which submerged parts of Zanesville and other towns in that section, continues to fall. In that section, continues to fall. In that section, continues to fall.

At Springfield, Dayton, Hamilton and other points in the Miami valley the danger stage has been passed. While the headwaters of the Ohio river are receding, streams at Point Pleasant, Portsmouth, Marietta, Parkersburg and other points, are now above the flood stage, and will continue to rise tonight and tomorrow. In Cincinnati the local rise has almost disappeared.

At late today Marietta, Parkersburg, Point Pleasant and Portsmouth were feeling the effects of the flood. Parkersburg and Marietta appeared to be the worst sufferers. At the former place the electric light plant was put out of commission and the city was in darkness.

At Marietta conditions were worse than at the flood of 1884. The rivers rose rapidly and did much damage.

ELEVEN FLOOD VICTIMS. Death and Destruction Followed Overflow of Hocking River.

Athens, O., March 15.—The high waters of the Hocking river have claimed seven lives in this city and four elsewhere in the country. Those drowned in Athens are: Ed Sweet, Turner and wife, Young, Charles Bellars, Otto Barth.

Late Wednesday night the roadway of the Baltimore & Ohio railway north of the river broke, allowing the waters to rush into Athens. Fifty houses were swept away. A thousand persons are homeless and are being cared for in churches and halls.

RAISED IN RANK. (Special to The Herald.)

Washington, March 15.—The post-offices at Milford, Utah, and Rupert, Ida., become presidential offices April 1, with salaries of postmasters \$1,000 and \$1,200, respectively.

BLACK CLOUDS HAVE ROLLED BY AT WHITE HOUSE CONFERENCE

Stock Brokers Lifted Out of the Slough of Despond by Upward Turn.

OUTLOOK HAS BRIGHTENED NO INVITATION RECEIVED

NO FAILURES RECORDED ON THE EXCHANGE. EXECUTIVE HAS NO INTEREST IN THE MATTER.

New York, March 15.—An unusual scene was enacted on the floor of the stock exchange today just after the market had closed strong and buoyant, in sharp contrast to the demoralization of yesterday. Brokers gathered around the trading posts and cheered loudly in demonstration of their relief and satisfaction at today's change in speculative sentiment from the panicky feeling of yesterday. Congratulations were exchanged all around the room on the fact that the members of the exchange, without exception, had successfully passed through the severe declines in price of the past two weeks and hopes were generally expressed that the worst was over. A feature of the day was a statement by William Rockefeller.

Views of Wm. G. Rockefeller.

In response to an inquiry from the Associated Press Mr. Rockefeller said: "The present astonishing decline in the values of securities is as much a mystery to me as it can be to any one. I know that public confidence has been disturbed, but I do not think that it should have been in any such measure as to justify so great a fall in prices. With genuine overwhelming prosperity throughout the country there certainly seems no adequate reason for it. As for myself and my associates, our faith in the future of the country has not been shaken at all, and we have been buyers and not sellers throughout the past ten days. Throughout these troubles we have done and are doing all we can to restore and maintain confidence. It is very clear to me that the people who are throwing away their securities at panic prices will sorely regret it within the next six months."

Market Opened Strong.

Today's market opened very strong at much higher prices than yesterday's closing figures. Reading leading with a rise of 12 points. Amalgamated Copper and Union Pacific also were buoyantly strong and with Reading led practically the whole list in sharp upward movement. There were the usual reactions, but the tone held relatively strong. It was known in Wall street that bankers had reached their offices early and that a careful investigation of the situation did not reveal any cause of anxiety as to the solvency of any banking or brokerage house. This knowledge had much effect on sentiment, and together with the announcement of government relief for the money market, gave the traders confidence that the situation threatened no grave danger and that they regarded the market as able to care for all immediate requirements.

Yesterday's Advances.

The trading continued active, with the general tone firm throughout, even the 15 per cent money rate being of little effect. The closing of the market showed the following advances from yesterday's close: Amalgamated Copper, 13; American Smeltering, 12; Anaconda, 12; Canadian Pacific, 12; St. Paul, 12; Great Northern, 12; New York Central, 12; Missouri Pacific, 12; Northern Pacific, 12; Santa Fe, 12; Reading, 12; Southern Railway, 12; Union Pacific, 12; United States Steel, 12; do. preferred, 12.

All through the day there was heavy buying by "bargain hunters" for investment, and their purchases were heavy. The prompt and clear action of Secretary Cortelyou saved the day. I have strong hopes that much good will result.

In reference to the present railroad situation he said: "The railroads and the people will be brought nearer together. The welfare of one is indissolubly connected with the success of the other. President Roosevelt did not bring about this middle, he simply recognized earlier than most others whether we were drifting. By the wise course he has taken he has rendered a great service to the country. The lesson will be valuable to the corporation managers in the future."

CORTELYOU SAVED THE DAY

Jacob Schiff Has "Strong Hopes That Much Good Will Result" in Consequence.

Augusta, Ga., March 15.—Jacob Schiff of New York, who is at a hotel near Alken, S. C., said today concerning yesterday's Wall street panic: "The prompt and clear action of Secretary Cortelyou saved the day. I have strong hopes that much good will result."

In reference to the present railroad situation he said: "The railroads and the people will be brought nearer together. The welfare of one is indissolubly connected with the success of the other. President Roosevelt did not bring about this middle, he simply recognized earlier than most others whether we were drifting. By the wise course he has taken he has rendered a great service to the country. The lesson will be valuable to the corporation managers in the future."

BARKEEPER UNDER ARREST

Robbery of the Saloon at Ely Not so Much of a Mystery as Supposed.

(Special to The Herald.)

Ely, Nev., March 15.—Unexpected developments occurred in the matter of the investigation into the mysterious theft of \$4,400 from the safe in the saloon of W. R. Bassett, last night, when William Willis, formerly employed as a bartender in the saloon, was released by Justice of the Peace Cartwright, after an examination in which it was attempted to show that Willis had committed the theft, and was rearrested a few hours later in company with Ruby Wells, a woman of the town, formerly of Seattle and Salt Lake, on charges of grand larceny.

Willis claimed to have left the saloon on the night of the robbery at 2:30 o'clock, returning to his room at the back of the barroom two hours later. He claimed that the robbery must have been committed during his absence. He was charged in the first complaint with embezzlement, but was not held for trial. Later in the evening a new complaint was issued against him and one was also issued against the woman, in which they were charged with the crime. The arrests were made by Deputy Sheriff Gilbert. Bail was fixed for Willis in the sum of \$2,000, with two sureties, or \$1,000 cash. That of the woman was fixed at one-half this amount. The woman was admitted to bail shortly after her arrest. Joseph G. Maughan and Devenport & Jurich have been retained to assist in the prosecution. That new evidence has been discovered connecting Willis and the woman is given by the prosecution as the cause for the issuance of the new complaints.

FINISHED ITS WORK.

Cuthrie, Okla., March 15.—The constitutional convention, after completing its work of drawing up a list of laws to govern the proposed new state of Oklahoma, adjourned today. The constitution will be submitted to the people of Oklahoma and Indian Territory for ratification or rejection at a special election Aug. 6 next.

CASE OF JOHN R. WALSH.

Chicago, March 15.—Judge Anderson by the federal court today sustained the demurrer filed by the attorneys of John R. Walsh, the former president of the Chicago National bank, to twenty-two counts in the indictments charging him with misuse of the funds of the bank, and overruled the demurrer to the remaining counts.

Railroad Presidents Conclude a Pow-wow With Roosevelt Would Be Useless.

NO INVITATION RECEIVED

EXECUTIVE HAS NO INTEREST IN THE MATTER.

New York, March 15.—Messrs. McCrea, Mellen, Hughtitt and Newman, the four railroad presidents for whose visit to the White house J. P. Morgan arranged before his departure for Europe, held a conference here today. The whole situation was canvassed with great care and it was finally decided not to go to Washington.

Could Not Speak for All.

It is understood the reason for this conclusion is that the railroad officials did not feel that they had any proper mandate from the railroad corporations to represent them. They felt that they could not assume the position of a self-constituted commission to formulate or present the views of the hundreds of railroad companies, which in turn are owned by thousands of shareholders. They recognized that the railroad managers of the United States are not themselves in perfect accord and that until some method could be adopted to secure a consensus of opinion on the part of the conference the four presidents left for their homes.

Opinion of Thomas Ryan.

Thomas F. Ryan, when asked his opinion about the proposed meeting of the president and the heads of the great railroads, said: "I believe that if Mr. Morgan's visit to the president is followed up as it should be by all of our great business interests, it will do much good. I also believe that the president's attitude toward corporations is much misunderstood by the general public. It is unfair to assume that it is his desire to hamper the business interests of the country. I am, however, convinced that he has purposes to enforce the laws as he finds them upon the statute books and I think the business interests of the country conclude to go to work to aid the president in solving the different problems that confront him every day, the sooner confidence will be restored and the business of the country move on without interruption. So far as general business is concerned, the only fault to be found with it is that it is too active."

WILL NOT INVITE THEM.

President Passive so Far as a Conference is Concerned.

Washington, March 15.—At a late hour tonight President Roosevelt received no word from the four railroad presidents who were suggested by J. P. Morgan in the eve of his departure for Europe, as conferees to discuss with the president the railroad situation, and to urge Mr. Roosevelt to take action to "allay the public anxiety," as to the administration's attitude. The president will not invite Messrs. McCrea, Hughtitt, Newman and Mellen to the White house, but if they ask for an appointment the president will be glad to receive them.

Morgan Was Hasty.

The embarrassing position in which the railroad magnates have been placed is due to the fact that Mr. Morgan arranged the conference with the president without consulting the officials for whom he asked the audience. It is known that in the last few days President McCrea, of the Pennsylvania, communicated with the president and made it clear that, while he did not want to show any courtesy, he did not want to be placed in the attitude of rushing to the White house to make a place for executive emergency. Since so much publicity has been given the proposed conference it is the feeling of the officials of the railroad that the president will decide not to make the appointment arranged by Mr. Morgan.

Policy Clearly Outlined.

"The president's policies have been outlined so clearly in his messages to congress and in public addresses," said a member of the interstate commerce commission today, "that it is possible that the railroad presidents have decided that their visit to the White house would be a waste of time. The president has no desire to punish the 'good railroad corporations' simply because the 'bad railroad corporations' refuse to abide by the laws regulating the common carriers."

Governor Deneen Arrives.

Governor Deneen and Attorney General Stead, of Illinois, who were invited to Washington by the president, arrived tonight and will call at the White house tomorrow. While Governor Deneen refuses to discuss the object of his conference with the president, the investigation will be gone over.

INQUIRY IS ORDERED.

Irrigation Contractors Make Charges Against Engineers.

(Special to The Herald.)

Washington, March 15.—The alleged irregularities in reclamation service work in Idaho are pronounced by Director Newell to be complaints made by contractors against the reclamation engineers by engineers in charge of work performed by these contractors, who claim in some instances that they have been discriminated against and their work classified as extra. An examination should have been made. These complaints, Newell says, were received some time ago and were in the nature of appeals from local engineers. He at once convened the board of engineers to meet at Boise March 20, to consider and report upon the complaints. The members of this board will be Engineers Sanders, Wells and Wiley, who will hear the complaints of the contractors and recommend proper action to the director of the service. Newell said today that special care had been taken at all times to conduct the affairs of the reclamation service in an honest and business-like method, and he invited the fullest investigation of the reported irregularities.

CAR SERVICE RESUMED.

Louisville, Ky., March 15.—Car service, which was interrupted last Sunday morning by the strike of street/railway employees, was resumed this morning on all lines.